Introduction / Health & Safety Lab Research Learning & Teaching Event Photography Architecture Portraits Framing & Usage

The Imperial College London Photography Guidelines

Photography has a central role in the Imperial's communication with its audiences. In all of our photography, we aim to show the energy, vibrancy and excitement of life at the College. We want everyone who sees our photographs to feel connected with the subjects and with the College. Our photographs are used across the Imperial website and social media channels, throughout our printed publications and marketing material, and in national and international media.

Don't forget:

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- Think about safety: see the following page for more guidance on health and safety.
- Selection: provide horizontal, vertical, close, medium and long shots.
- **Be polite and respectful:** It is very important that our subjects have a positive experience on the shoot, prepare to be flexible to keep everyone happy.
- Show diversity: it is important to reflect and amplify our diverse community in photography
- **Show engagement:** try to capture natural shots with minimal interference, the best shots are 'fly on the wall', we prefer to avoid forced set up shots which might not look natural. Keep an eye out for energy and engagement, listening, talking, laughter, eye contact and faces.
- Show our name: if anyone has the College name on their clothing, then make the most of this in the photography, also avoid shooting clothes featuring competitors branding.
- **Take notes:** photograph the College ID card and write down the name of the person you are photographing, where the shoot is taking place, and what you are capturing. If you are photographing an event, this is unlikely to be feasible. If you are photographing a class, note the instructor's name, and the subject.
- Thank you: remember to thank everyone who has helped or appeared in a shoot.
- **Delivery:** files can be delivered via our file exchange at https://icseclzt.cc.ic.ac.uk/ or with your own preferred digital file delivery platform.
- Size / Colour space: please supply images in original full size resolution and in sRGB
- File names: year/month/day/name/description/numbereg, 171123_smith_john_biology_001.jpg



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Photography Guidelines April 2020

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Health and Safety in photography

Before beginning a shoot in a laboratory or workshop environment, check the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) requirements for the space by reviewing (and photographing) the PPE sign on the door and by talking to the lab manager. All individuals photographed engaging in research MUST be wearing the correct PPE required for the space they are in, or we cannot use the photographs.

For portrait photography away from the workbench, or laboratories that do not have specific PPE requirements, all photography subjects should still follow general guidelines for safe attire: long hair tied back, no dangling jewellery, protective evewear, lanyards tucked into clothing, lab coats buttoned up to the VERY TOP button, sleeves rolled down, and closed-toe shoes.

Take a photograph of the College ID Card of each person featured in the photographs.

For more information on PPE in photography, read our policy here:

www.imperial.ac.uk/communications/web/ photography/personal-protective-equipment



GOOD



BAD



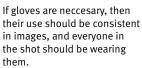


If lab coats are worn, they must be fastened right up to the top button, even for portraits. If one person in shot is wearing a lab coat, then everyone must wear lab coat properly buttoned up, even those in the background.

Protective eyewear

If there is any activity involving liquids, then protective eyewear must be worn in lab photography, even if the liquid is harmless. If one person is wearing protective evewear in shot, then everyone must wear protective eyewear.

Gloves



BAD

GOOD

appear in shot should be

Howie lab coats

consistent. Howie lab coats (with the high neck and closed collar) should not be mixed with non-Howie coats. and should be fastened up to the top button.

The types of lab coats that

Long hair and jewellery

Long hair should be tied back and there should be no hanging earrings or jewellery.

GOOD



Portraits

be relaxed. However, there must be no visible activity in the background, everything must be put away and the subject clearly away from the bench. However, lab coats, if worn, must still be fastened up to the top!

GOOD

For portraits the PPE rules can



BAD



GOOD

GOOD



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Learning and Teaching

Academic classes

Aim to provide photographs that are 'fly-on-thewall' where the subjects are not interacting with the camera, and they are naturally engaged in an activity that might be usual to them. Once they are engaged in such an activity it should be easy to work as unobtrusively as possible around them to capture the action.

Try to capture scenes of interaction (for example, the academic talking to a group of students) and more one-to-one interaction (such as an academic and student discussing or looking at something, or performing a task together). These interactions are a great way to show energy and engagement, try to allow the space for this to occur naturally. Consider diversity, and try to include a range of subjects.

Keep angles natural to the subject matter wherever possible. Avoid dramatic angles or diagonals unless absolutely unavoidable to bring a key item into frame. try to keep verticals vertical.

Be aware that some people in the environment may not be involved in the shoot. Be sure check that they are happy to appear in the background of any shots and take steps to minimise disruption. Try to include some shots with a shallow depth of field and some breathing space for the type to sit on. Examples of this editorial usage are included on the final page.



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Lab Research

People in situ

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Aim to provide photographs that are 'fly-onthe-wall' where the subject is performing a task that they would ordinarily do, not interacting with, or looking at the camera. Be very careful in these situations to observe the health and safety requirements of the location yourself: ask permission before using a surface for your equipment and be very careful not to bump or move anything.

Be aware that some people in the environment may not be involved in the shoot, so be sure to check that they are happy to appear in the background of any shots, taking care to avoid any disruption to their work.

For editorial usage try to include some shots with a shallow depth of field and some breathing space for the type to sit on top Examples of editorial usage are included on the final page.

Keep angles natural and aligned to the subject matter wherever possible. Avoid dramatic angles or diagonals unless absolutely unavoidable to bring a key item into frame. Try to keep your range of subjects diverse.

Ensure that any personal or patient data on screens or labels is not visible or blurred out completely in post production.



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Lab Research objects

Hands only, no faces

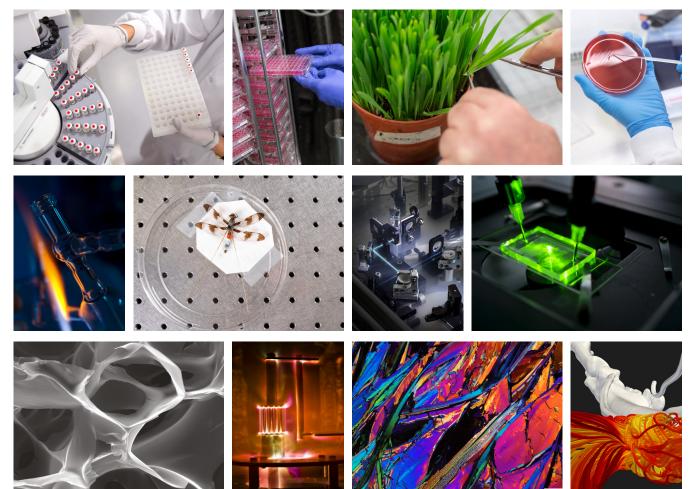
Be careful when holding an object toward the camera (such as the petri dish on the right) that it does not appear too forced. Avoid holding objects straight on to the camera. Ensure that the correct PPE procedure is followed. If the subject should be wearing gloves in a real situation, then this should be shown in the image.

Objects only, no people

These shots can be very useful editorially. Good use of shallow depth of field, angles and space, can allow great opportunites to lay copy on the images and crop to different spaces. However, be careful to allow enough depth of field to capture the key focus area of the object that you are featuring.

Abstract/detail imagery (for designers only)

These images need to be sourced directly from researchers. These abstract images are best used for covers of documents or event posters, and can be treated to enhance impact.



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Architecture Portraits Framing & Usage

Events

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Informal events

A fly-on-the-wall approach should be taken with all event photography and try not impose on the event or it's attendees in any way, try to be invisible! Always be polite, appreciative and unobtrusive in any interactions that do occur.

Natural available light should be used wherever possible, it's fine to use a high ISO for this.

Aim to capture engagement, energy, colour and diversity. Capture faces where possible to convey emotion and excitement.

These general types of events are very different from more formal events and are a great chance to have a little fun and be creative. If you see somewhere not easily accessible that might make a great angle, ask your contact if they can give you access to take a few shots.

Try to include wider shots with more depth to show what is going on (with a central hero if possible), as well as with shallower, closer shots to highlight specific activities, interactions and expressions in order to tell a complete story.





















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Events

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Formal events

VIP visits

A fly-on-the-wall approach should be taken with all event photography. Natural available light should be used wherever possible. For VIP visits it's also important to include context and have enough depth of field to see what the visitor is interacting with, as well as enough width to see where they are. Most importantly you should respect the situation and not get in the way at all.

Always check the dress code and any particular protocols on formal events before attendance. Be prepared to be flexible and able to adapt quickly to changes in the plan.

Receptions

Identify any key figures by speaking with your contact and ensure that you prioritise them in your photography. Wherever possible, try to avoid people with food in their mouths, drinking, or holding a glass of alcohol. Natural light is always preferable and using a high ISO is not a problem.

Lectures

Be sure to show the event as well as the speaker. Avoid angles (keep verticals vertical) and use available light where possible. High ISO is fine.



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Events

Graduation

A fly-on-the-wall approach should be taken with all event photography. Natural available light should be used wherever possible.

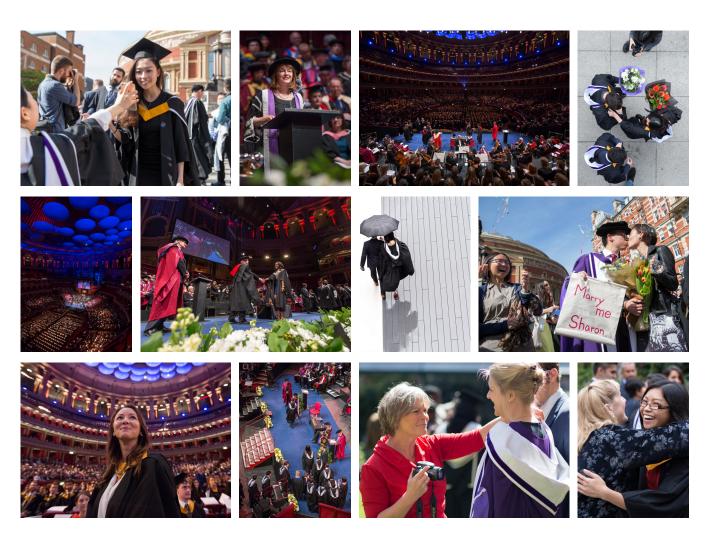
Dress formally and work unobtrusively. Be polite and appreciative, and avoid imposing on the event. Try to be invisible.

Aim to capture engagement, energy and colour. Capture faces where possible to convey emotion and excitement, capture a diverse range of subjects.

Try to tell stories, reflect the family and the occasion, have a little fun and be creative. If you see somewhere not easily accessible that might make a great angle, ask your contact if they can give you access to take a few shots.

Groups of friends enjoying themselves are also a great thing to capture on the day.

Try to capture the unusual, Graduation is a well covered, but visually rich event, try to find something that captures the imagination!



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Architecture

Exterior architecture

Exterior architectural photography should celebrate the iconic buildings of Imperial.

For historic buildings, natural shots should be taken: eye level, straight on and avoiding odd angles where possible. Try to avoid converging vertical lines.

Details and crops of buildings are also useful, these shots can have angles and creative composition.

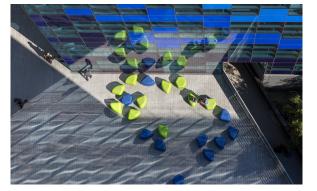
For modern buildings, care should be taken to find interesting angles and areas of architecture. The crop is important and should be considered with care.

Consider breathing space in some images for editorial content.

Students and staff can appear in these images. It's preferable to use a slightly longer exposure to capture movement wherever possible.









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Architecture

Interior architecture

Interior architectural photography should capture the essence and grandeur of Imperial Interior shots should be natural, ie, taken at eye level and straight on, and avoiding odd angles and converging verticals.

Capturing detail shots is also important.

Long exposure: exterior and interior

Long exposure creates a sense of movement and life on campus. To create an interesting composition, there could be a mix of in people in and out of focus.

These images are more focused on the architecture and environment of Imperial.





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Portraiture

All shots must be natural. This can be achieved by taking the portraits at eye level and straight on. Extreme low or high angles should never be used.

People engaging with the camera should be as natural as possible. They should be in their natural environment and their pose shouldn't be distracting.

Avoid taking portraits with the subject mid-task or holding objects while looking to camera, as it can appear forced.

Try to provide a selection of happy and more serious shots so that portraits can be used in a variety of situations.

Do not force the subject though, they should be comfortable with their pose, and be in charge of their own image. If they do not wish to smile, then that is fine.

We generally use portraits of chest and above, but if you wish to showcase surroundings in the portrait (for example, if the person is in a lab or the environment relates to the story), then a more pulled-back shot is very useful to have.











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Framing & Usage

Consider breathing space in some images for editorial content, both landscape and portrait.

Our homepage requires a super-wide horizontal shot. Action should take place in a middle row, aligned left or right to allow for a text box.

About photography at Imperial

Imperial uses professional photography on its website, social media channels, print publications and in other marketing and communications material, such as press releases, posters and mailings to our alumni community.

Our photography is stored in the College's Asset Library, a resource managed by Communications & Public Affairs. The Asset Library can be accessed by staff and students who can download images for use in promoting the College and its work.

If you would like to find out more about how we use photography, or if you have a concern about how your image will be used, please contact <u>photography@imperial.ac.uk</u>.

Photography pages: Imperial.ac.uk/Photography

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