

Topological properties of surfaces flows

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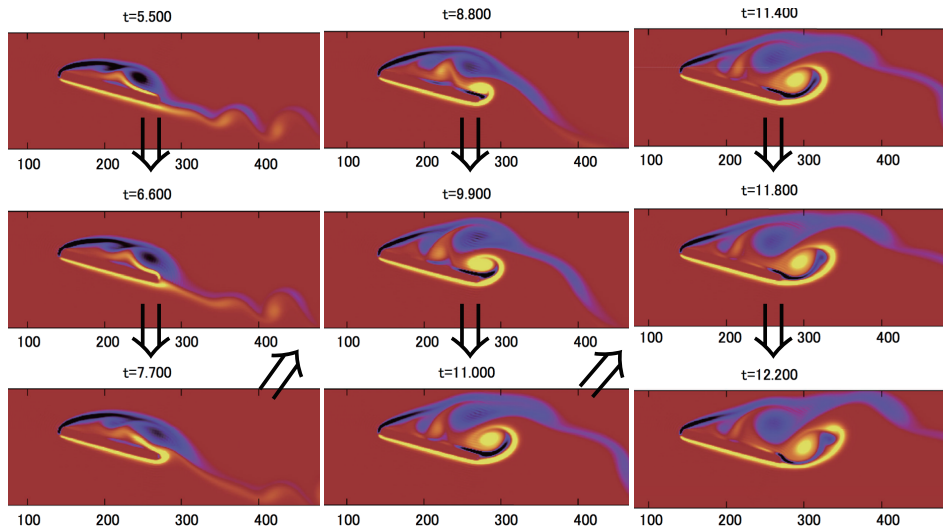
13th March 2017
@London

1. Applications and Background
2. Rep of uniform flows with pt vortices
3. Rep of surface flows
4. Topological str and Data str of surface flows

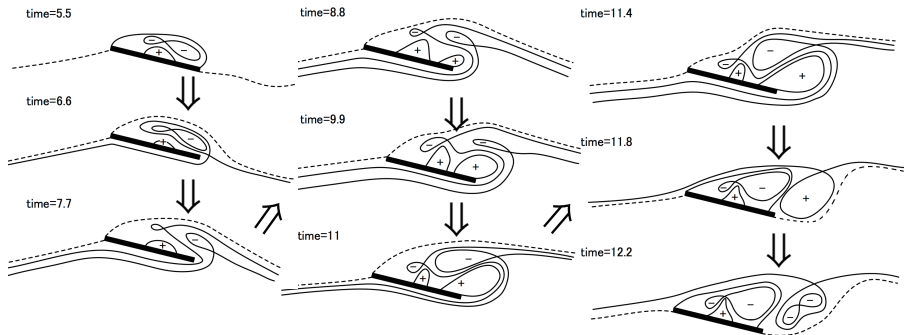
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A problem and a **topological** approach

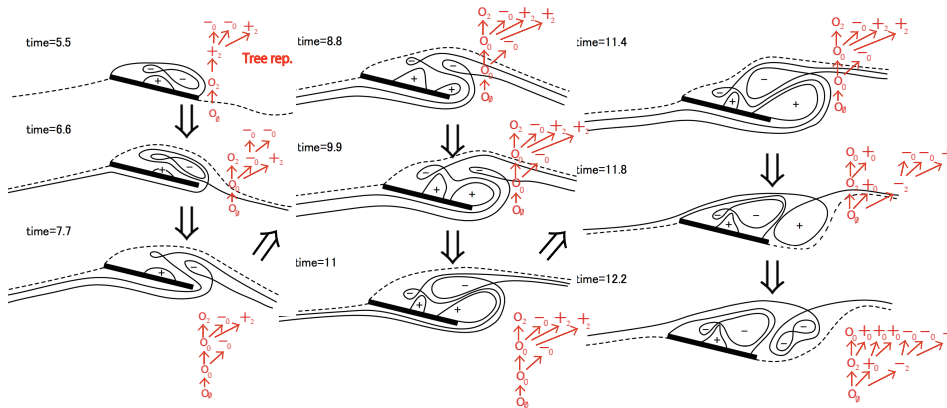
Find extremal lift-to-drag ratios



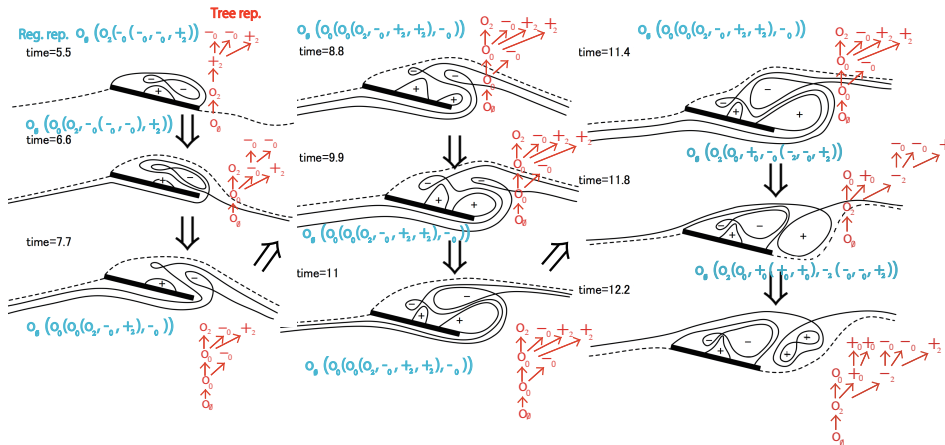
Find extremal lift-to-drag ratios



Find extremal lift-to-drag ratios



Find extremal lift-to-drag ratios



Find extremal lift-to-drag ratios

time = 5.5

$$o_{\theta} (o_2(-_0(-_0, -_0, +_2)))$$

time = 6.5 \Downarrow

$$o_{\theta} (o_0(o_2, -_0(-_0, -_0), +_2))$$

time = 7.5 \Downarrow

$$o_{\theta} (o_0(o_0(o_2, -_0, +_2), -_0))$$

time = 8.8

$$o_{\theta} (o_0(o_0(o_2, -_0, +_2, +_2), -_0))$$

time = 9.9 \parallel

$$o_{\theta} (o_0(o_0(o_2, -_0, +_2, +_2), -_0))$$

\nearrow time = 11 \parallel

$$o_{\theta} (o_0(o_0(o_2, -_0, +_2, +_2), -_0))$$

time = 11.4

$$o_{\theta} (o_0(o_0(o_2, -_0, +_2, +_2), -_0))$$

time = 11.8 \Downarrow

$$o_{\theta} (o_2(o_0, +_0, -_0(-_2, -_0, +_2)))$$

time = 12.2 \Downarrow

$$o_{\theta} (o_2(o_0, +_0(+_0, +_0), -_2(-_0, -_0, +_2)))$$

$//$

Find extremal lift-to-drag ratios

time = 5.5

I C C B₀

time = 6.5 ↓

I A C B₀

time = 7.5 ↓ ↗

I A₀ A₀ C

time = 8.8

I A₀ A₀ C C

time = 9.9 ||

I A₀ A₀ C C

time = 11 || //

I A₀ A₀ C C

time = 11.4

I A₀ A₀ C C

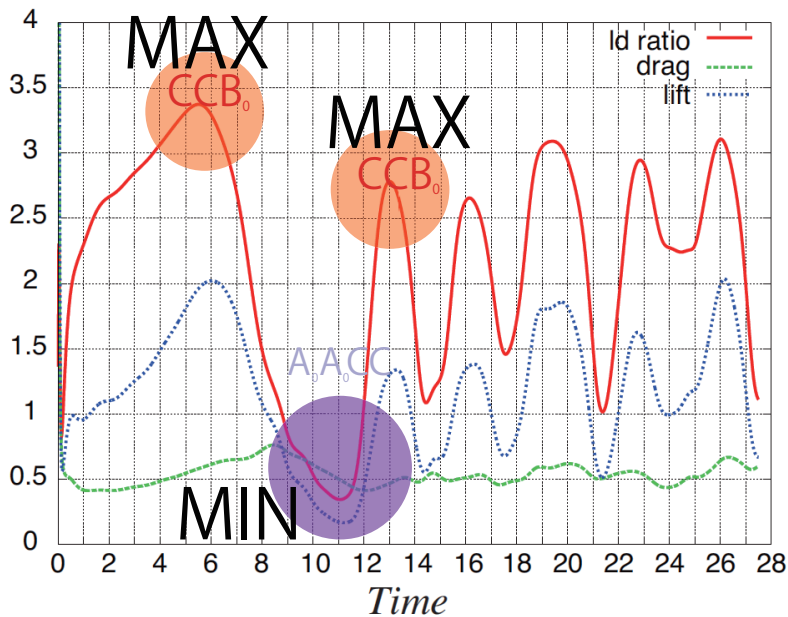
time = 11.8 ↓

I A₀ A₀ C C B₀ (I C C B₀)

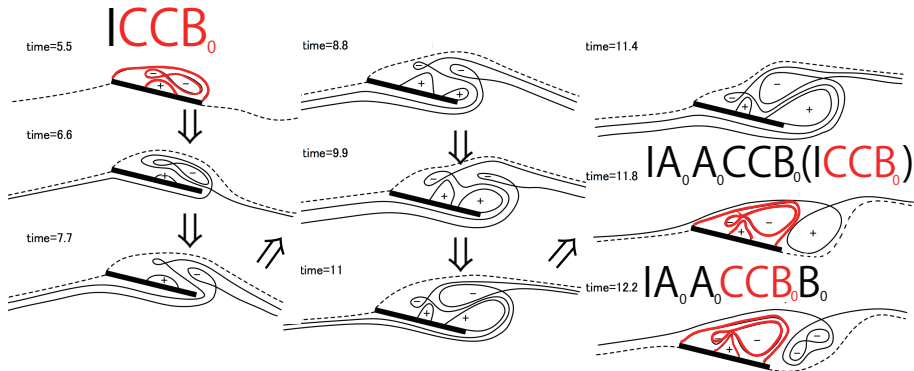
time = 12.2 ↓

I A₀ A₀ C C B₀ B₀

Evolutions of the lift, the drag and the lift-to-drag ratio



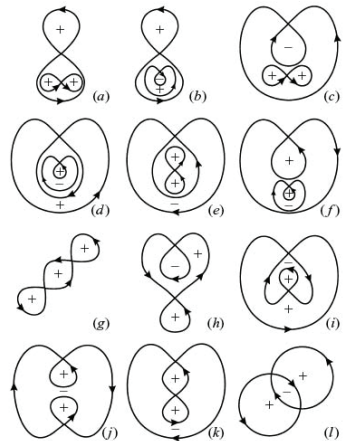
Find **high** lift-to-drag ratios



Theoretical background

Topological classification of streamline patterns for Hamiltonian surface flows

- Aref and Brøns (1998)
Case: **planes** without boundaries
- Kidambi and Newton (2000)
Case: **spheres** without boundaries
- Moffatt H.K. (2001)
Case: **tori** without boundaries



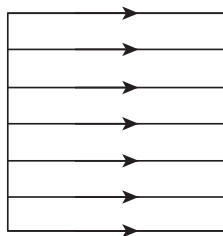
Aref & Brøns (JFM:1998)

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Uniform flows with vortices \implies Reduced tree structures

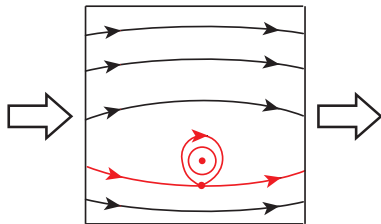
$$W(z) = Uz$$

$$\implies \varepsilon$$



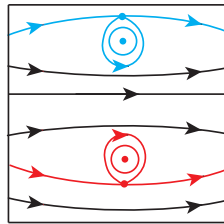
$$W(z) = Uz + i\kappa \log z$$

$$\implies A_0$$

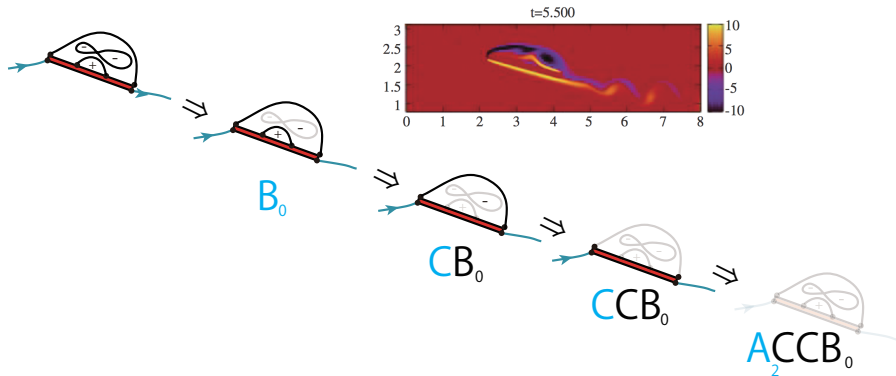


$$W(z) = Uz + i\kappa \log z - i\kappa \log(z - a)$$

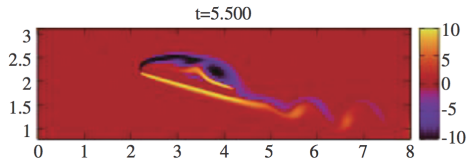
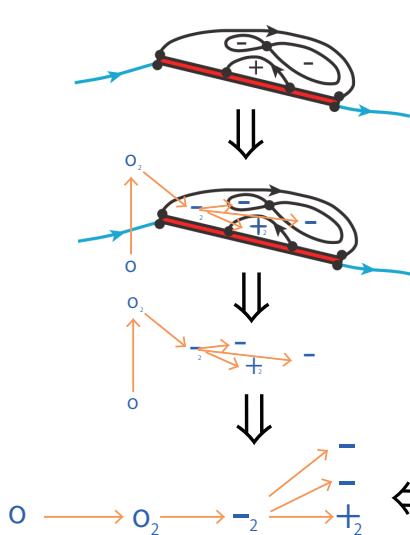
$$\implies A_0 A_0$$



Uniform flows with vortices \implies Reduced tree structures



Uniform flows with vortices \implies Tree structures



Word representation
(Reduced tree representation)

$ACCB_0$
2

\Uparrow

$o(o_2, -_2(-, -, +_2))$

Tree representation

Tree representation (Joint work with T. Sakajo)

We construct algorithmically an injection:

$$\begin{array}{c} \exists \text{ inj} : \{ \text{generic } \text{unif flow w/ } \text{vortices} \} / \sim \\ \downarrow \\ \{ \text{tree} \} \\ \Downarrow \\ \{ \text{regular expression} \} \end{array}$$

The injection is called a **tree representation** of uniform flows with vortices

Uniform flows \implies Tree structures

Local stream topological structure \implies Letter

Global stream topological structure \implies Label + Edge

Topology of a flow \implies Labelled graph

Topology of a time-dep flow \implies Seq of labelled graphs

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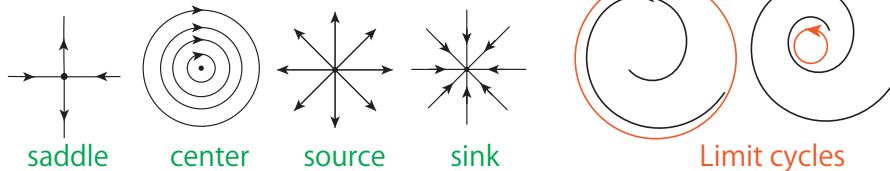
Surface flows \implies Tree structures

A flow is of **finite type** $\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff}$ 1. Each stagnation point is **non-degenerate**
2. There are at most finitely many **limit cycles**
and 3. There are no **quasi-minimal sets**

Theorem 1

*A flow of **finite type** on a compact surface can be reconstructed by finite data.*

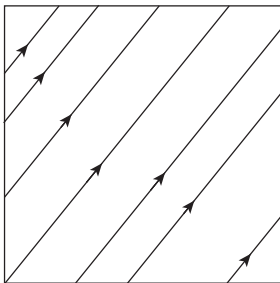
quasi-minimal set = orbit closure of a non-closed recurrent point



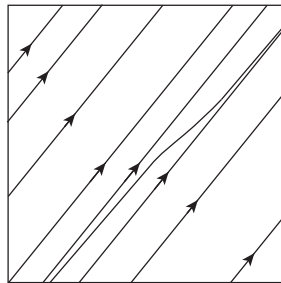
Necessity of the condition 3 (Non-existence of quasi-minimal sets)

Remark 1

*The set of topological equivalent classes of minimal flows (resp. Denjoy flows) on a torus is **uncountable**.*



Minimal flow



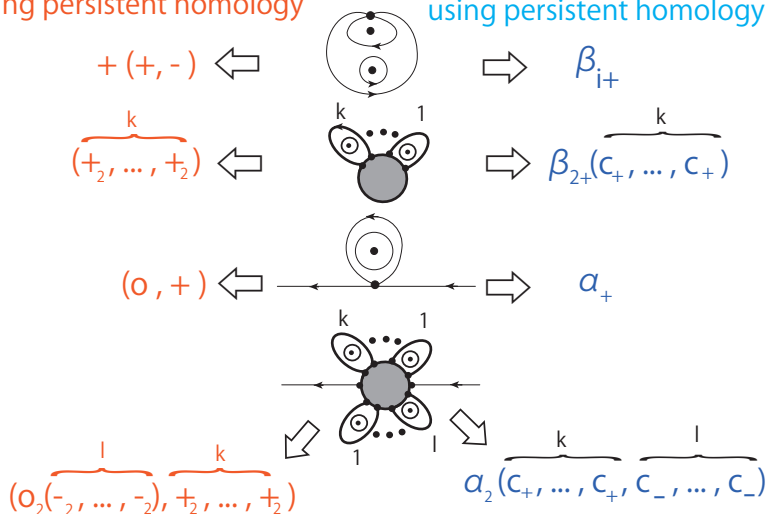
Denjoy flow

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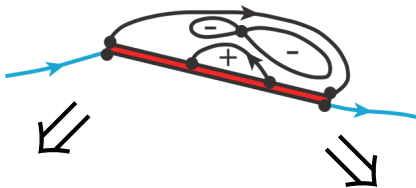
Good data str and Red data str (Joint work with T.Yokoyama)

Hard to compute by computers
using persistent homology

Easy to compute by computers
using persistent homology



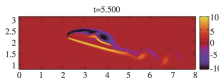
Good data structures and Bad data structures



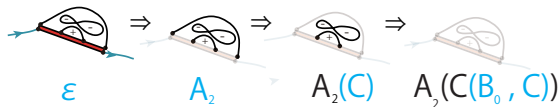
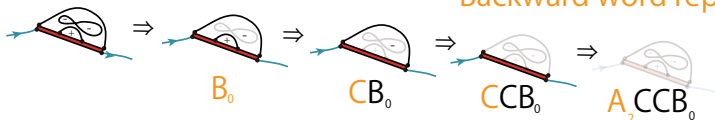
$$o(o_2, -_2(-, -, +_2))$$

$$a_2(c_-(\beta_{o-}, c_+))$$

Good data structures and **Bad** data structures



Backward word rep



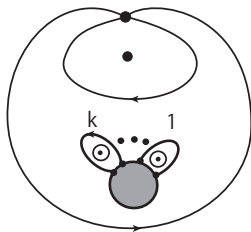
Forward word rep

$\epsilon \quad A_2 \quad A_2C \quad A_2CB_0C$

Reduced forward word rep

Good data structures and Bad data structures

Data str of topology of a Hamilton surface flow
= Regular tree grammar + Cyclic order



cyclic order



$$\beta_{i+}(\beta_{2+}(\overbrace{c_+, \dots, c_+}^k))$$

“Regular tree grammar”

Summary

We **construct** the following injective representation concretely

$$\text{inj} : \{ \text{Uniform flow with vortices} \} \rightarrow \{ \text{finite labelled graphs} \}$$

We **show** the existence of following injective representation

$$\text{inj} : \{ \text{surface flow of finite type} \} \rightarrow \{ \text{finite data} \}$$

Surface flows and **Data** structures

Topology of a flow \implies Regular tree grammar + Cyclic order

Resolution \implies Depth of nodes

Good data structure \implies Persistent \implies Easy to implement

Bad data structure \implies Sensitive to error \implies Hard to implement

Appendix

Idea

Spatial setting —

Rough representation : Space \mapsto Homotopy group

Finer representation : Space \mapsto Cell decomposition

We construct analogical tools as follows:

Flow setting —

Rough representation : Hamiltonian flow \mapsto Word

Finer representation : Flow \mapsto Graph

Uniform flows \implies Tree structures

vortex + orientation + (un)bdd-ness \implies Letter

(ss-)saddle connection diagram \implies Label + Edge

Snapshot of a unif flow w/ vortices \implies Labelled graph

Uniform flow w/ vortices \implies Seq of labelled graphs

Surface flows and Data structures

Topology of a flow \implies Regular tree grammar + Cyclic order

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