

What We've Achieved



Created a design tool: a **library** of toeholds with different reaction speeds



Simulated **3675** DNA toehold sequences



Experimentally verified the reaction speed of **10** different toehold designs



Created a **website** through which researchers can access our library

Why It Matters

By enabling designers to select DNA sequences with predictable reaction speeds, our library supports the development of:



Programmable chemical reaction networks



More reliable DNA-based logic switches



Smarter drug delivery systems



Sensitive and adaptable biosensors

Want to Learn More?



Scan the QR Code to find our full report, web-based tool, & full references!

Find Us



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Acknowledgements



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DYNAMICS BY DESIGN

Designing a Library of DNA Parts to Control the Reaction Speed of DNA Systems



IMPERIAL

Developed by:
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Motivation



Molecular circuits built from DNA can operate where electronics cannot — such as inside living organisms!



To control the output of these systems we need to know **how** DNA molecules will interact and **how fast** they will do so.



Goals

Develop a tool to enable researchers to design DNA-based circuits with **specific reaction rates** spanning several orders of magnitude.

Specifically, we aimed to:



Design a tool to control the reaction speed of DNA-based systems



Experimentally verify our proposed tool's performance

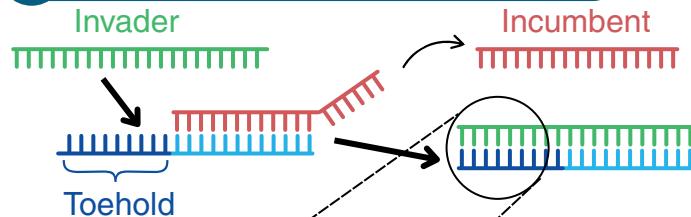


Create a platform which allows **easy access** to our tool

Building Our Idea

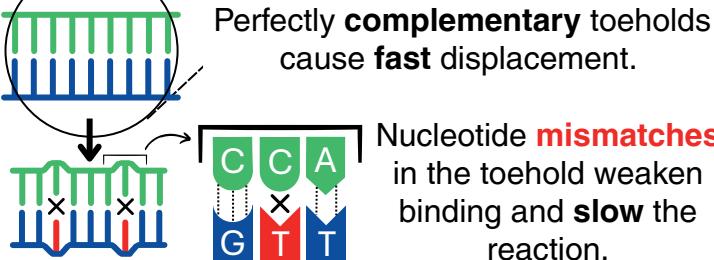
Many DNA circuits rely on a type of reaction known as **strand displacement**.

A What is DNA Strand Displacement?



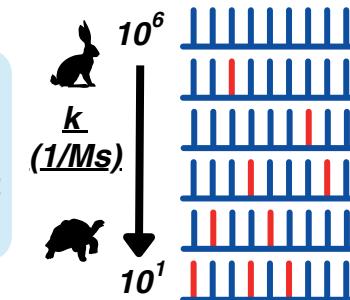
An invader strand binds the **toehold** region of a DNA complex and pushes out the **incumbent** strand, which can trigger other reactions.

B How Can We Change the Speed?



Nucleotide **mismatches** in the toehold weaken binding and **slow** the reaction.

C Our Concept: A Toehold Library

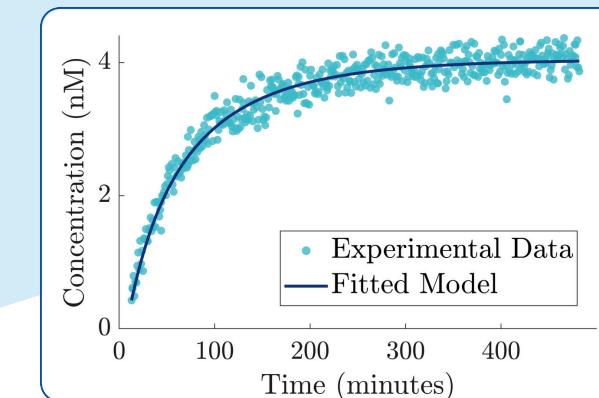


Building on this concept, we designed and simulated a **library** of toehold designs and their associated **reaction rates**.

Testing Our Concept

We conducted strand displacement reactions using **several** toeholds from our library to test if our simulated reaction rates were accurate.

The progression of **each** reaction was tracked by plotting the concentration of the **incumbent** strand over time.



We fit a mathematical model to our data to recover the rate constant, k , for each toehold and verify it was as expected.

Expanding Our Platform

We built a website which takes in a **desired rate constant**, and outputs an **optimised toehold sequence**.

