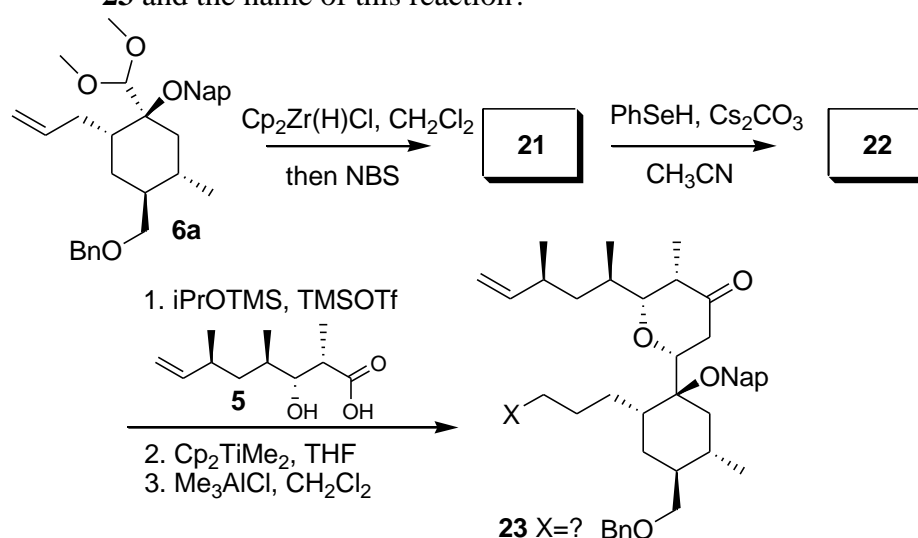


### Synthesis of the advanced intermediate 3

With the fragment **5** and **6** in the hands, the authors were ready for the construction of the advanced intermediate **4** by a tactic developed in their laboratories. Disappointingly, they ran into an unexpected reactivity that we'll discuss later. To overcome the problem they had to transform compound **6a** into compound **22** through compound **21**.

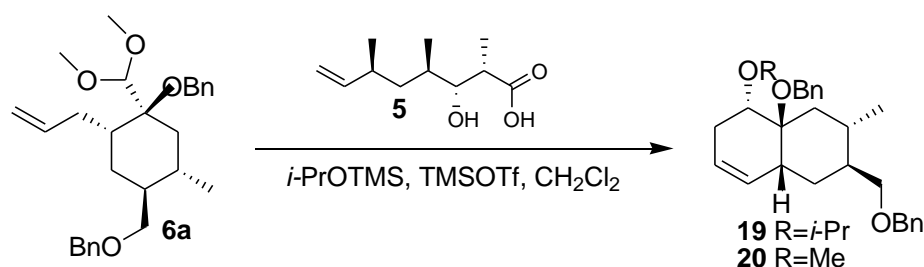
- 14) Which is the structure if **21**?
- 15) Which is the structure if **22**?
- 16) Could you provide a reasonable mechanism for the transformation of **22** into **23** and the name of this reaction?



Scheme 3.

When the authors treated **6b** as reported in Scheme 4, they obtained the by-products **19/20**.

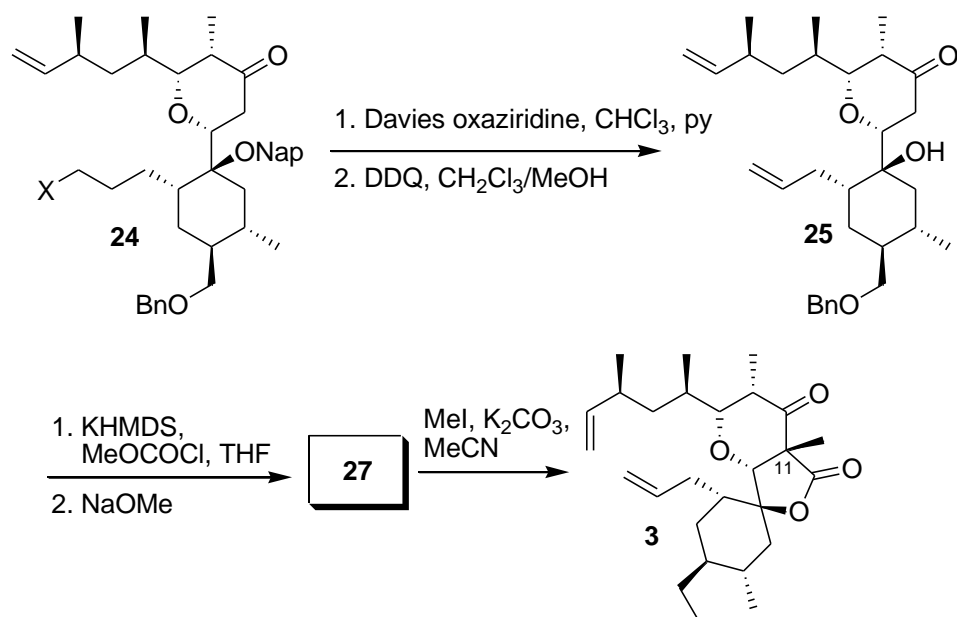
- 17) Which type of reaction is that?



Scheme 4.

Compound **24** is then transformed in other 4 steps into the advanced intermediate **3** (Scheme 5).

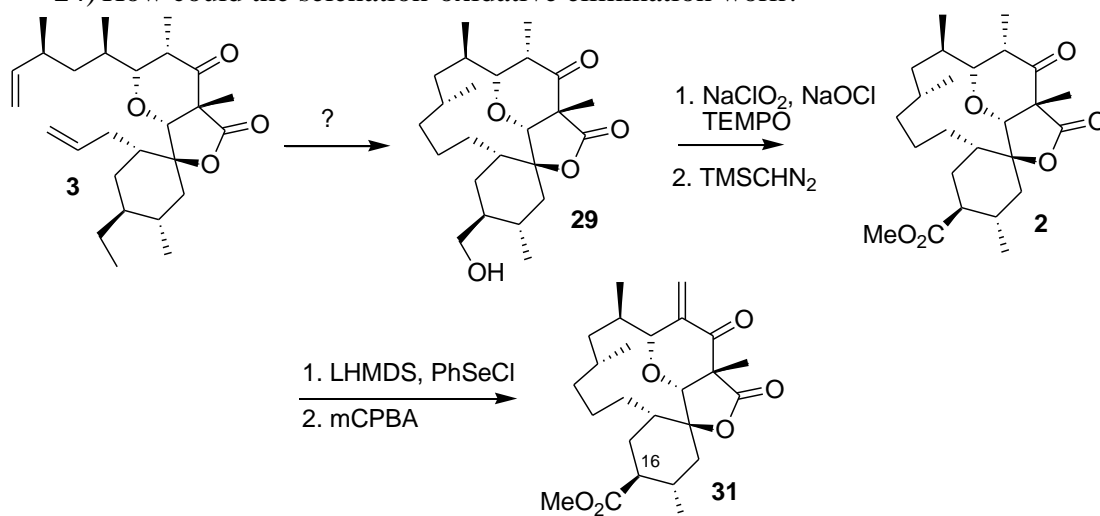
- 18) What are the structure and the role of Davis oxaziridine?
- 19) How does DDQ act in the removal of naphtylmethyl group?
- 20) Can you provide the structure of compound **27**?
- 21) The methyl group is installed on the C(11) in a complete selective fashion. Can you explain why?



Scheme 5.

### Toward the synthesis of the final product 1

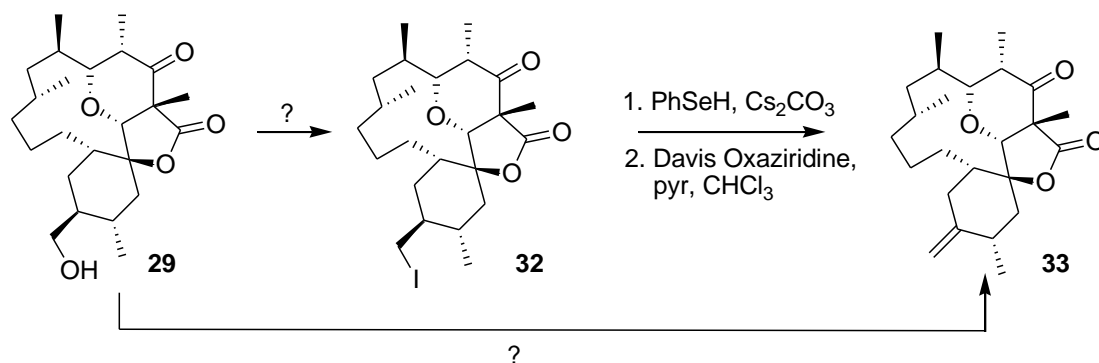
- 22) How could you transform **3** into **29**? It takes two steps.  
 23) The alcohol group in **29** is converted into the methyl ester of the key intermediate **2**. How does the oxidant system work?  
 24) How could the selenation-oxidative elimination work?



Scheme 6.

The authors were expecting to install the C(16)-C(17) exocyclic olefin by a bis-selenation but it did not occur. They had to go back to the alcohol **29** and to install that double bond first (Scheme 7).

- 25) Give some methods for transforming an alcohol into an iodide.  
 26) How do you think the transformation from **32** into **33** could work?  
 27) Later the authors were able to convert **29** directly into **33** using a Grieco-Nishizawa protocol. Do you know which reagents are involved?



**Scheme 7.**

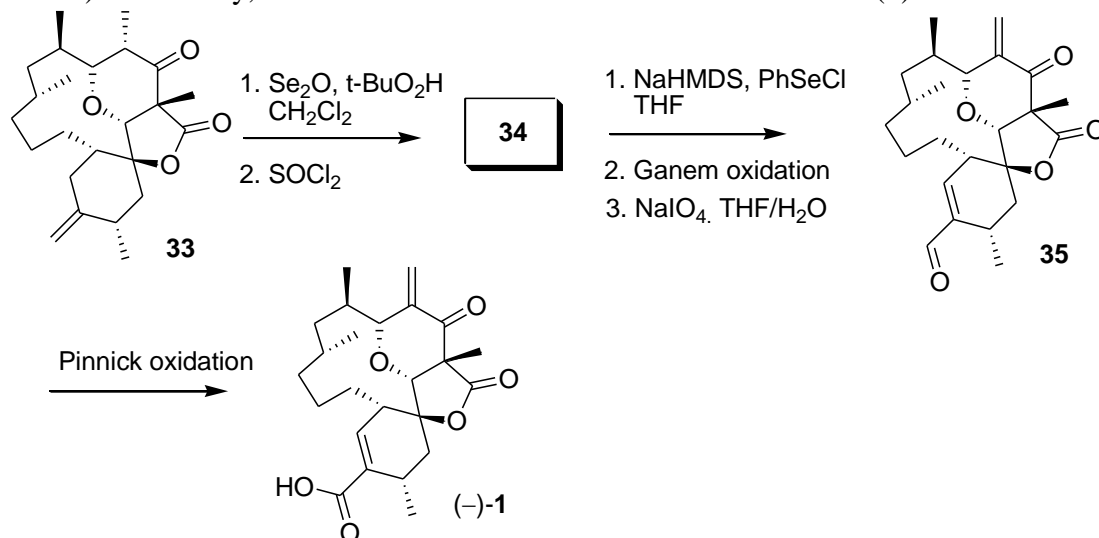
With intermediate **33** in the hands, they are few steps away from the final product (Scheme 8).

28) What do you think is the structure of intermediate **34**?

29) Can you explain step by step the transformation of **34** into **35**?

30) What's the Ganem oxidation?

31) And finally, what is the Pinnick oxidation that leads to final (–)-**1**?



**Scheme 8.**