

GRAVITY MULTIPLIET WITH 32 SUPERCHARGES

	1-forms	2-forms	3-forms	4-forms	Gravitons	Spinors	Gravitini	Scalars
11					$1 \times 44, g_{\mu\nu}$		$1 \times 28, \Psi_{1\alpha}$	
$N=1$			$1 \times 84, C^{(3)}$					
10	$1 \times 8_v, A^{(1)}$	$1 \times 28, B^{(2)}$	$1 \times 56_v, C^{(3)}$		$1 \times 35, g_{\mu\nu}$	$1 \times 8_s, \tilde{3}_\alpha$ $1 \times 8_c, \tilde{3}_\alpha$	$1 \times 56_s, \Psi_{1\alpha}$ $1 \times 56_c, \Psi_{1\alpha}$	$1 \times \phi$
IIA								
10		$2 \times 28, B^{(2)}$		$1 \times 35_s, C^{(3)+}$	$1 \times 35, g_{\mu\nu}$	$2 \times 8_c, \tilde{3}_\alpha$	$2 \times 56_s, \Psi_{1\alpha}$	$1 \times \phi$ $1 \times C^{(0)}$
II B								
9	$2 \times 7, A^{(1)}$	$2 \times 21, B^{(2)}$	$1 \times 35, C^{(3)}$		$1 \times 27, g_{\mu\nu}$	$4 \times 8, \tilde{3}_\alpha$	$2 \times 48, \Psi_{1\alpha}$	$3 \times \phi$
$N=2$	$1 \times 7, A^{(1)}$							
8	$3 \times 6, A^{(1)}$	$3 \times 15, B^{(2)}$	$1 \times 10, C^{(3)+}$ $1 \times 10, C^{(3)-}$		$1 \times 20, g_{\mu\nu}$	$6 \times 4, \tilde{3}_\alpha$ $6 \times \bar{4}, \tilde{3}_\alpha$	$2 \times 20', \Psi_{1\alpha}$ $2 \times 20'', \Psi_{1\alpha}$	$6 \times \phi$ $1 \times A^{(0)}$
$N=2$	$3 \times 6, A^{(1)}$							
7	$4 \times 5, A^{(1)}$	$4 \times 10, B^{(2)}$			$1 \times 14, g_{\mu\nu}$	$16 \times 4, \tilde{3}_\alpha$	$4 \times 16, \Psi_{1\alpha}$	$10 \times \phi$ $4 \times A^{(0)}$
$N=4$	$6 \times 5, A^{(1)}$	$1 \times 10, C^{(3)}$						
6	$5 \times (3, \bar{3}), A^{(1)}$	$5 \times (3, \bar{3}), B^{(2)+}$			$1 \times (3, \bar{3})_{g_{\mu\nu}}$	$20 \times (3, \bar{3}), \tilde{3}_\alpha$ $20 \times (1, \bar{3}), \tilde{3}_\alpha$	$4 \times (3, \bar{3}), \Psi_{1\alpha}$ $4 \times (3, \bar{3}), \Psi_{1\alpha}$	$15 \times \phi$ $10 \times A^{(0)}$
$N=(2,2)$	$10 \times (3, \bar{3}), A^{(1)}$	$5 \times (1, \bar{3}), B^{(2)-}$						
5	$6 \times 3, A^{(1)}$				$1 \times 5, g_{\mu\nu}$	$48 \times 2, \tilde{3}_\alpha$	$8 \times 4, \Psi_{1\alpha}$	$21 \times \phi$ $20 \times A^{(0)}$ $1 \times C^{(3)}$
$N=8$	$15 \times 3, A^{(1)}$							
4	$6 \times \bar{3}, B^{(2)}$							
$N=8$	$7 \times (q^2 + q^{-2}), A^{(1)}$				$1 \times (q^4 + q^{-4})$	$56 \times (q^3), \tilde{3}_\alpha$ $56 \times (q^{-3}), \tilde{3}_\alpha$	$8 \times (q^3), \tilde{3}_\alpha$ $8 \times (q^{-3}), \tilde{3}_\alpha$	$28 \times \phi$ $35 \times A^{(0)}$ $7 \times B^{(0)}$
$N=8$	$21 \times (q^2 + q^{-2}), A^{(1)}$							

$A^{(1)}$ are the vectors coming from the graviton while $A^{(0)}$ are the scalars coming from the 3-form
 ϕ are the scalars coming from the graviton while $A^{(0)}$ are the scalars coming from the 3-form
 The symbol $\tilde{3}$ indicates that the two are related by complex conjugation \Rightarrow not really chiral